



**Patient Group Direction for the  
Supply of Levonorgestrel 1500microgram tablet  
by Pharmacists  
for Emergency Hormonal Contraception**

**UNCONTROLLED WHEN PRINTED**

**EFFECTIVE FROM MARCH 2015**

**EXTENDED MARCH 2017**

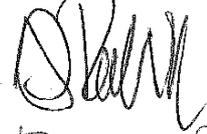
**REVIEW DATE MARCH 2018**



# 1. Authorisation

The qualified health professionals who may supply levonorgestrel 1500micrograms under this PGD can only do so as named individuals. It is the responsibility of each professional to practice within the bounds of their own competence and in accordance with their own Code of Professional Conduct and to ensure familiarity with the marketing authorisation holder's summary of product characteristics (SmPC) for all medicines supplied in accordance with this PGD. Under PGD legislation there can be no delegation.

## This PGD has been produced for NHS Scotland by:

Doctor	<u>C CUNNINGHAM</u>	Signature	
Pharmacist	<u>A.S RADLEY</u>	Signature	
Nurse	<u>V. STEWART</u>	Signature	

## Approved on behalf of NHS Dumfries & Galloway by:

Medical Director Dr Greycy Bell  
Signature \_\_\_\_\_  
Date 22/3/17

Director of Pharmacy/Senior Pharmacist Dr Paul Beardon  
Signature \_\_\_\_\_  
Date 22/3/17

Clinical Governance Lead Maureen Stevenson  
Signature \_\_\_\_\_  
Date 29/3/17

Date Approved: 29 March 2017

Review Date: March 2018



## 2. Management of the National Patient Group Direction (PGD)

The original signed copy should be held by the NHS Board.

This PGD must be read, agreed to, signed and a copy retained by all pharmacists involved in its use. A copy of the signature sheet should be sent to the NHS Board

## 3. Application

This PGD covers the supply of levonorgestrel 1500mcg tablet for use as emergency hormonal contraception by female patients who are aged 13 years or over, provided none of the exclusion criteria listed below apply.

## 4. Clinical Situation

Indication	Patient presenting in person at the community pharmacy requesting emergency contraception for their own use within 72 hours of unprotected sexual intercourse (UPSI).
Inclusion Criteria	<p>Patient is aged 13 years or over.</p> <p>Unprotected sexual intercourse/contraception failure within the last 72 hours.</p> <p>Unprotected sexual intercourse/contraception failure within the last 72 hours where patient has vomited within 2 hours of taking a dose of levonorgestrel for emergency hormonal contraception.</p> <p>Patient gives their consent to providing the relevant clinical information to the pharmacist after pharmacist has assessed their capacity to consent (see under Staff).</p>
Exclusion Criteria	<p>Patient is aged 12 years or under. <b>The Child Protection Team must be contacted for children of 12 years and under, who present having had sexual intercourse.</b></p> <p>Patient who the pharmacist has assessed as not being competent to consent.</p> <p>Unexplained vaginal bleeding.</p> <p>Patient has had unprotected sex more than 72 hours ago.</p> <p>Levonorgestrel should not be given to pregnant women</p> <p>Previous unprotected sexual intercourse in current menstrual cycle.</p> <p>Patient used levonorgestrel for emergency hormonal contraception in current menstrual cycle. (If patient has vomited within 2 hours of taking a dose of levonorgestrel, dose can be repeated. Refer to Inclusion Criteria.)</p> <p>Severe hepatic dysfunction.</p> <p>Severe malabsorption syndromes e.g. severe diarrhoea, Crohns disease.</p>

<p>Exclusion Criteria (continued)</p>	<p>Porphyria.</p> <p>History of salpingitis (an infection/ inflammation in the fallopian tubes) or ectopic pregnancy.</p> <p>Hypersensitivity to levonorgestrel or any of the tablet ingredients/ excipients (potato starch, maize starch, colloidal silica anhydrous, magnesium stearate, talc, lactose monohydrate).</p> <p>Patients who have delivered a baby within last 3 weeks (EHC not required in these circumstances).</p> <p>Patient does not agree to share relevant clinical information or there is no valid consent.</p> <p>Patients with hereditary problems of galactose intolerance, the Lapp lactase deficiency or glucose-galactose malabsorption as Levonelle® 1500 contains 142.5 mg lactose.</p>
<p>Cautions /Need for further advice/ Circumstances when further advice should be sought from a doctor</p>	<p>The available data are limited and not robust enough to support with certainty the conclusion of decreased contraceptive effect with increased bodyweight/BMI.</p> <p>In order to maximise the likelihood that Levonorgestrel will work, it is important that it is taken as soon as possible after unprotected intercourse.</p>
<p>Action if Excluded</p>	<p>All excluded patients should be referred to Sexual health Service or GP practice. Direct referral process contained within the Unscheduled Care Folder should be used during out of hours period.</p> <p>If unprotected sex was within the last 5 days (120 hours) the patient may be suitable for IUD (intrauterine device) insertion or use of Ulipristal. Assessment or referral should be made in a suitable timeframe to allow this to happen.</p>
<p>Action if Patient Declines</p>	<p>Patient should be advised of the risks of the consequences of not receiving treatment.</p> <p>Record outcome in Patient Medication Record if appropriate and refer the patient to their general practitioner</p> <p>Direct Referral process contained within the Unscheduled Care Folder should be used during out of hours period.</p>
<p>Consent</p>	<p>Prior to the supply of levonorgestrel, consent must be obtained, preferably written, from the patient. Where the patient does not have capacity to consent then this may be provided by the parent, guardian or person with parental responsibility.</p>

	<p>Written and verbal information should be available in a form that can be easily understood by the person who will be giving the consent. Where English is not easily understood, translations and properly recognised interpreters should be used.</p> <p>Individuals (patient, parent, guardian or person with parental responsibility) should also be informed about how data on the supply will be stored, who will be able to access that information and how that data may be used.</p>
Consent for under 16s	<p>A patient under 16 years of age may give consent for the supply of EHC, provided she understands fully the benefits and risks involved. The patient should be encouraged to involve a parent/guardian, if possible, in this decision.</p> <p>Where there is no parental involvement and the patient indicates that she wishes to accept the supply, supply should proceed, if the pharmacist deems the patient to have the legal capacity to consent.</p> <p>The Age of Legal Capacity (S) Act 1991, s2(4) states that '<i>a person under the age of 16 years shall have legal capacity to consent on her own behalf to any surgical, medical or dental procedure or treatment where, in the opinion of a qualified medical practitioner attending her, she is capable of understanding the nature and possible consequences of the procedure or treatment.</i>'</p> <p>Legal advice from the NHS in Scotland states that if a healthcare professional has been trained and professionally authorised to undertake a clinical procedure which is normally that of a medical practitioner, then that health care professional can be considered to have the necessary power to assess the capacity of a child under the 1991 Act, for that procedure or treatment.</p>

## 5. Description of Treatment

Name of Medicine	Levonorgestrel
Dosage Form/Strength	Tablet 1500 microgram (mcg)
Storage	Store in original container below 25°C
Dose	<p>Female patients of 13 years and over – Take 1500mcg as a single oral dose as soon as possible after coitus (preferably within 12 hours but no later than 72 hours after the event).</p> <p>If the patient is using an enzyme-inducing medication or has stopped taking such medication within the last 28 days (see interacting medications), then TWO tablets of levonorgestrel 1500mcg should be taken as the single dose (total dose 3000mcg levonorgestrel). This is an unlicensed indication for levonorgestrel not included in the Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC) but is a recommendation of the Faculty of Sexual and Reproductive Healthcare Clinical Guidance on Emergency Contraception.</p>

	<p>Patients taking enzyme inhibiting medication may experience adverse effects and may require additional monitoring (see interacting medications)</p> <p>If vomiting occurs within <u>2</u> hours of taking the original dose, another dose should be taken immediately.</p>
Total Dose	1500micrograms (one tablet) as a single dose, or 3000micrograms (two tablets) as a single dose if patient also taking enzyme-inducing medication or has stopped taking such within last 28 days .
Duration of Treatment	Single oral dose, preferably within 12 hours but no later than 72 hours. If vomiting occurs within 2 hours of taking the original dose, another dose should be taken immediately.
Advice to Patient (verbal)	<p>Advise women using liver enzyme-inducing drugs that an IUD is the preferred option. <i>( All patients should be advised that an emergency IUD is the most effective method of emergency hormonal contraception)</i></p> <p>Discuss the mode of action, failure rate and possible effects on the foetus of levonorgestrel - See relevant SPC. There is no clinical data on effect on foetus by levonorgestrel but it should be avoided. If pregnancy is a possibility this should be excluded before supply is made.</p> <p>For patients who have missed their oral contraceptive pill, give advice based on the EHC e learning module developed by NES Pharmacy which can be found at <a href="https://www.portal.scot.nhs.uk/">https://www.portal.scot.nhs.uk/</a> or the Faculty of Sexual and Reproductive Health Statement on missed pills <a href="http://www.fsrh.org/pdfs/CEUStatementMissedPills.pdf">http://www.fsrh.org/pdfs/CEUStatementMissedPills.pdf</a></p> <p>If the patient is taking the oral contraceptive pill or using the contraceptive patch and emergency hormonal contraception is required, advise the patient to use a barrier method <u>in addition</u> to her usual method until she has taken the pill or applied the patch correctly for 7 consecutive days. (If taking Qlaira® - 9 days)</p> <p>If the patient is not using an oral contraceptive pill, a barrier method of contraception should be used until appropriate contraceptive advice from Sexual Health Service or GP is given.</p> <p>Highlight that the patient's next period may be early or late.</p> <p>Advise the patient that levonorgestrel may cause nausea and/or vomiting. If vomiting, or serious diarrhoea, occurs within two hours of taking the medication further advice should be sought immediately from the pharmacist, or other appropriate agency.</p> <p>Advise the patient that Levonorgestrel is an occasional method of contraception and must not be used as a replacement for a regular contraceptive method. Provide local information about how to access a local contraception service and contraceptive advice</p> <p>Advise the patient that they should consider being tested for a sexually transmitted infection and provide local information about where they can obtain that service.</p>

	<p>If the patient has not had their period within 5 days of their expected date of menstruation, abnormal bleeding occurs or pregnancy is suspected, they should be advised to attend the Sexual health Service, GP or pharmacy (if pregnancy testing is provided) with a urine sample to confirm or exclude pregnancy.</p> <p>If patient is breast-feeding, advise levonorgestrel is not thought to be harmful <i>but potential exposure of their baby can be reduced if patient takes the dose immediately after feeding.</i></p> <p>Requirements of oral anti-diabetics and insulin can change as a result of taking levonorgestrel, therefore the patient with diabetes should be advised to monitor blood glucose levels closely.</p> <p>The available data are limited and not robust enough to support with certainty the conclusion of decreased contraceptive effect with increased bodyweight/BMI</p>
Patient Information (written)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Patient Information Leaflet provided with medication.</li> <li>2. Written information about locally available contraception services and methods of contraception.</li> <li>3. Written information about locally available services providing sexual health advice.</li> </ol>
Documentation	<p>The pharmacist must ensure maintenance of records for each supply (For example see appendix 1) and may be required to share information with appropriate parties in line with confidentiality protocols.</p>
Follow-up	<p>None required.</p>
Warnings including possible adverse reactions	<p>Menstrual irregularities, nausea, low abdominal pain, fatigue, headache, dizziness, breast tenderness, vomiting.</p> <p>All adverse reactions (actual and suspected) will be reported to the appropriate medical practitioner and recorded in the appropriate place (e.g. the Minor Injury Record Sheet or the Allergies and Adverse Reactions section of the Patient Record). Where appropriate a Yellow Card Report will be forwarded to the Committee on Safety of Medicines. A supply of these forms can be found at the rear of the British National Formulary. Online reporting is available at <a href="http://yellowcard.mhra.gov.uk/">http://yellowcard.mhra.gov.uk/</a></p>

Additional Information	<p><b><i>Reduced efficacy of Levonorgestrel</i></b></p> <p>The metabolism of levonorgestrel is enhanced by concomitant use of liver enzyme inducers or use within the last 28 days, and these medications can reduce the efficacy of levonorgestrel. A full list is available in Appendix 1 of the relevant section of the British National Formulary, or in the SPC for the product being used. These include:</p> <p>Anticonvulsants: Barbiturates (including Primidone), Phenytoin, Carbamazepine, Topiramate.  Anti-Fungal: Griseofulvin  Herbal Medicines containing Hypericum perforatum (St. John's wort).  Rifamycins: Rifampicin, Rifabutin  Endothelin receptor antagonist: Bosentan</p> <p><b><i>Effect of Levonorgestrel on other medication</i></b></p> <p>Immunosuppressants: metabolism of ciclosporin reduced (increased plasma concentration). ). Increased risk of toxicity. Additional monitoring may be required.</p> <p>Caution is advised when prescribing for patients using the anticoagulant drugs, phenindione and warfarin. Anticoagulant effects may be altered following use. Additional monitoring may be required. Patients should be advised about potential drug interactions and attention should be paid to their anticoagulation monitoring.</p>
Patient Charges	None. Current NHS exemption is applicable.

## 6. Characteristic of Staff and Premises authorised under the PGD

Professional Characteristics	<p>A person whose name is currently maintained on the register of pharmacists held by the General Pharmaceutical Council (GPhC)</p> <p>The pharmacist must maintain their own level of competence and knowledge in this area to provide the service.</p>
Specialist Competencies or qualifications	The practitioner should be competent to assess the person's capacity to understand the nature and purpose of the treatment in order to give or refuse consent.

Continuing education and training	The practitioner must be familiar with the SmPC for all medicines administered in accordance with this PGD. It is the responsibility of the individual to keep up to date with all aspects of practice in this area.
Premises	Premises should provide an acceptable level of privacy to respect patient's right to confidentiality and safety.

## 7. Audit Trail

Record/Audit Trail	<p>The approved practitioner must ensure maintenance of records for each supply and may be required to share information with appropriate parties in line with confidentiality protocols. The information relating to the supply of medication of each individual must include as a minimum:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Patient's name and date of birth</li> <li>• Dose</li> <li>• Brand, batch number and expiry date of medicine</li> <li>• Date supplied and by whom</li> </ul> <p>All records must be clear and legible and, ideally, in an easily retrievable format. Information should be recorded on the locally agreed proforma and on the Community Pharmacy Patient Record System, where appropriate.</p> <p>The patient's CHI number should be recorded on the CPUS form where available</p>
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References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. British National Formulary – Current edition</li> <li>2. Faculty of Sexual and Reproductive Health Guidance CEU (August 2011, updated January 2012) "Emergency contraception".</li> <li>3. Levonelle® 1500 microgram tablet SPC – Updated 15.2.2012</li> <li>4. Upostelle 1500microgram tablet SPC – updated 15.3.2013</li> <li>5. NES – Emergency Hormonal Contraception e learning module which can be found at <a href="https://www.portal.scot.nhs.uk/">https://www.portal.scot.nhs.uk/</a></li> </ol>
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**NATIONAL PATIENT GROUP DIRECTION FOR SUPPLY OF  
LEVONORGESTREL 1500MCG TABLET  
BY PHARMACISTS,  
FOR EMERGENCY HORMONAL CONTRACEPTION**

**Individual Authorisation**

*This PGD does not remove inherent professional obligations or accountability.*

**It is the responsibility of each professional to practice only within the bounds of their own competence and in accordance with their own Code of Professional Conduct. It is also your responsibility to ensure that all consultations with patients occur within a private and confidential area of the pharmacy.**

I have read and understood the Patient Group Direction and agree to provide the levonorgestrel 1500mcg tablet only in accordance with this PGD.

I have undertaken suitable training regarding the supply of Emergency Contraception, for example, NES Training (Women's Health: Contraception).

I have read and understood the  
*e NHS Dumfries and Galloway Guidelines for Pharmacists Regarding Requests for Emergency Contraception, Sexual Health Advice and Sexual Health Services from Young People Under the Age of 16yrs.*

Name of Pharmacist \_\_\_\_\_

GPhC Registration Number \_\_\_\_\_

Normal Pharmacy Location  
(if pharmacy locum please  
provide contact details) \_\_\_\_\_

Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Signed copy to be returned to NHS Dumfries and Galloway

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